

VIPATTIYON KE PRAKAAR

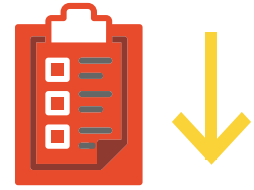
Prashantiye chetra kai prakaar ke khatron se ghira hai jaise:



KYA AAP JAANTE HAIN...

Ek badi vipatti ke aane par 4 mein se 1 vyapaar khatm ho jaata hai.¹

Kisi vipatti yaa viprit sthiti mein aap apne vyapaar mein barkaraar rahen, ise sunishchit karne ke liye ek tarika hai:



Ek Business Continuity Plan (BCP) taiyaar karen aur use asar mein laayen.

Agar aap ke paas abhi tak BCP nahi hai yaa aap nahi jaante hain ki woh kya hai, toh hamaare BCP template ko download karen aur hamaare 12 kadmon waale maargdarshan ki sahayeta se apne liye ek plan taiyaar kar len. Ise aap 12 minuton mein taiyaar kar sakte hain! Visit karen pipsso.org.fj/stayopen

**KHATRA KAM KAREN,
STHITI KE ANUSAAR KADAM
UTHAAYEN AUR KISI BHI
VIPATTI SE JALD UBHREN.**

AANDHIYAN

Aandhiyan low pressure waali system hoti hai jiske tahet baadlon aur hawa ka ghumaao andar ki aor hota hai aur meghe garjan ke saath bijli chamakti hai. Prashant mein khaas roop se yah aam hai kyoki woh garam samudri jal se ghira hai jiske kaaran nam hawa utpan hoti hai jo aandhiyan paida karne mein fuel ki tarah kaam karti hai. Aandhiyan prakritik taor par utpan hoti hain aur unse vistrit haani pahunch sakti hai. Uski taqat mein bhinnata uske aakaar yeom vinaash ki taqat par aadharit hoti hai aur kabhi-kabhi uske paas faslon aur imaarton ko poorn kshati pahuchaane ki kshamta ke saath-saath badi-badi laheren utpan karne ki taqat hoti hai.



Aandhi-tufaanon ka mausam:

Aandhi-tufaan waale mausam mein mausami khabron par dhyaan den jabki jaankaari rakhne se aap apne pariwaar aur vyapaar ko suraksha pradaan karne mein sahayak honge.

AANDHIYON KI SHRENI



Jhonkon ke saath hawa 63-125 km/h
Kuch faslon aur pedon ko kshati.



Vinashkaari hawa 125-164 km/h
Signs aur pedon ko kshati. Faslon ko bhaari kshati. Bijli sewa thapp hone ka khatra.



Ati vinashkaari hawa 164-224 km/h
Chhaton aur gharon ke dhanche ko kshati. Bijli sewa thapp hone ki sambhaaona.



Ati vinashkaari hawa 225-279 km/h
Chhaton aur gharon ke dhanche ko bhaari kshati. Hawa se udne waale saamaano se khatra. Vistrit roop se bijli sewa thapp hona.



EBahut zyada kshati pahuchaane waali hawa ki raftaar 280 km/h se zyada
Atyant khatarnak jiske saath vistrit haani aur vinaash.

AUR JAANKAARI KE LIYE

VIPATTI SE TAIYAAR RAHENE WAALA EK VYAPAAR BANEN.

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BHOOSKHALAN (ZAMEEN BHASAKNA)

Bhooskhalan yaa zameen bhasakna use kahete hain jab pahadiyon se mitti bhasakti hai. Iske zariye bhaari maatra mein bhaske patharon tatha mitti se samaaj dhak sakta hai³ Aisa bhookamp, jwaala mukhi footne se, asthir zameen ke kaaran, paani risne se tatha mitti bhasakne ke kaaran hota hai jisse bhaari vinaash hota hai.



TSUNAMI YAA BHOOKAMP TARANG

Tsunami ek ke baad ek utpan hone waali samudri tarangen yaa laher hai jo achanak utpan huwi sthiti jaise bhookamp, jwala mukhi footne se, zameen bhasakane se waa ulka pindon ke girne se utpan hoti hai. Isse jaan-maal ki bhaari kshati pahunchti hai. Bhookamp ke dawraan tez gati se zameen hilne se sunaami utpan hoti hai aur is dauraan jab aap samudri tat ke paas hote hain, toh aap dekhenge ki paani tat se peeche ki or khinch jaata hai. Agar aisa hota hai toh turant oonche sthaan par, samudr se dur chale jaayiye aur sthaaniye adhikaariyo ki raahat waale aadeshon ka paalan karen.



BAARD

Baard use kahete hain jab paani na chadne waale sthaan paani se bhar jaate hain. Prashant mein jabki hum kai samudhri aandhiyon ka saamna karte hain aur gambheer baarish hoti hai, toh usse shaheri ilaake baard ki chapet mein aa jaate hain. Is khatre ko lekar hamein taiyaar rahena chahiye. Baard aapke vyapaarik record, saamaan aur sampattiyon nasht kar sakti hai.



AAG JINMEIN IMAARTON AUR GHARON MEIN AAG LAGNA SHAAMIL HAI

Aag maanav kaaryewaaiyon se utpan hoti hai, yaa fir prakritik sthiti se jaise bijli girne se bhi lagti hai. Yah jaanna zaroori hai ki aag tezi se faelti hai aur usse jo zaheerila gas utpan hota hai, woh jaanlewa hai. Tees seconds mein hi ek choti aag bhayankar roop le leti hai aur do minuto mein aag jaanlewa roop le leti hai. Is dawraan mulyewaan wastuon ko jutane ka tatha phone karne ka samay nahi raheta hai balki is dauraan sirf bachne ka hi samay raheta hai. Dhooyen ke neeche se reng kar nazdiki dwaar tak jaayen taaki zahereele gas lene se aap bachen, aapke paas bach nikalne ke liye shaayad seconds hi rahenge.



TUFAANI LAHER

Tufaani laher tatwariye ilaakon mein chadne waali baard hai, yaa woh tufaani hawaon ke zariye utpan paani ki asamaanye vridhi hai, jisse tatwariye ilaako ke aaspaas jeewon, sampatiyon, raaston aur pulon ko bhaari khatra hota hai. Yah sunaami yaa fir tidal wave (jwaar ki laheron) ki tarah nahi hoti hai, balki woh badte huwe jwaar ki tarah hoti hai jo zameen ko apni chapet mein lene lagti hai aur maargon tatha sampattiyon ko kshati pahuchaati hai.



BHOOKAMP

Bhookamp tab utpan hota hai jab urja ke kaaran dharti ki tah aur patthar tanaaograst hokar fat jaate hain. Bhookamp ke kaaran kai aur khatren utpan ho sakte hain aur unse aapki sampattiyon tatha jaan-maal ko bhaari kshati pahunch sakti hai. Ek mahatwapoorn baat dhyaan mein rakhni zaroori hai ki agar aap anubhav karte hain ki bhookamp ek minute se zyada der tak utpan hai aur aap is dauraan khade hone mein katinai mahesoos karte hain, toh uske rukte hi aapko jald se jald oonche sthaan par chale jaana chahiye. Bhookamp aane waali sunaami, yaa bhookamp tarang ka sanket yaa chetaaoni hoti hai.



JWALAMUKHI VISFORT

Jwalamukhi visfort tab hota hai jab dharti ke neeche tal mein molten patharon mein gas se pressure bahut adhik badh jaata hai. Jwalamukhi visfort ke saath anye prakritik khatren bhi jude rahete hain, jaise bhookamp, baard, bhooskhalan yaani zameen bhasakna, amlie warsha yaani acid rain hona, aag lagna, jwalamukhi lava bahena, yahan tak ki tsunami utpan hona jinse jeewon, sampattiyon, saamaano, paani waale shroton ko haani pahunchne ke saath-saath meelon tak zameen tatha hawaai yatra waale maarg badhit ho sakte hain. Is dauraan adhikaariyo ke aapaat aadeshon ka paalan karen taaki udte huwe malbon, garam gas, gaon visfort tatha garam mitti aur lava ke bahaaon se bachaao kiya jaa sake.

Endnotes:

¹ Civil Defence Wellington Region Emergency Management Office. (2017). Retrieved February 24, 2017, from Wellington Region Emergency Management website, <http://www.getprepared.org.nz/>

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SOOKHA

Sookha woh samay hota hai jab asaamaanye lambe samay ke sookhe maosam ke kaaran paani ki kami ho jaati hai, paani ka sthar gir jaata hai, paani na hone se faslon ko haani pahunchti hai, aag lagne ka khatra badta hai, paaltu jaanwaro ke liye paani na hone se unki maut hoti hai tatha krishi aur usse sambandhit veosaayon par paani ki kami se lambe samay ke liye nakaratmak asar padta hai. Sookhe ke asar ko kam karne ke liye paani bacha kar istemaal karen aur adhikaariyo dwara jaari paani ke istemaal waale aadeshon ka paalan karen.

Aarthik sahayeta aur jaankaari pradaan karne waale saajedaaron ko dhanyewaad.

Aapko khaas dhanyewaad.



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